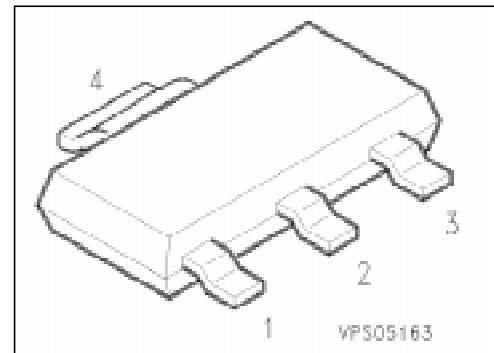


NPN Silicon Darlington Transistors

BSP 50
... BSP 52

- High collector current
- Low collector-emitter saturation voltage
- Complementary types: BSP 60 ... BSP 62 (PNP)



Type	Marking	Ordering Code (tape and reel)	Pin Configuration				Package ¹⁾
			1	2	3	4	
BSP 50	BSP 50	Q62702-P1163	B	C	E	C	SOT-223
BSP 51	BSP 51	Q62702-P1164					
BSP 52	BSP 52	Q62702-P1165					

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	
		BSP 50	BSP 51	BSP 52		
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CER}	45	60	80	V	
Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	60	80	100		
Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	5				
Collector current	I_C	1			A	
Peak collector current	I_{CM}	2				
Base current	I_B	0.1				
Total power dissipation, $T_S = 124^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	1.5				
Junction temperature	T_j	150			$^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	− 65 ... + 150				

Thermal Resistance

Junction - ambient ²⁾	$R_{th JA}$	≤ 72	K/W
Junction - soldering point	$R_{th JS}$	≤ 17	

¹⁾ For detailed information see chapter Package Outlines.

²⁾ Package mounted on epoxy pcb 40 mm × 40 mm × 1.5 mm/6 cm² Cu.

Electrical Characteristicsat $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	

DC characteristics

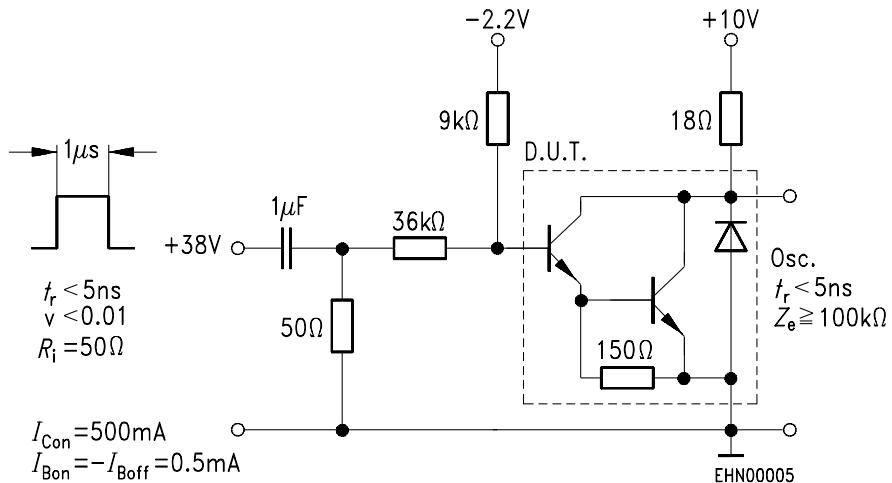
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ¹⁾ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CER}}$	45 60 80	— — —	— — —	V
Collector-base breakdown voltage $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_B = 0$	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CB0}}$	60 80 100	— — —	— — —	
Emitter-base breakdown voltage $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_B = 0$	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{EB0}}$	5	—	—	
Collector-emitter cutoff current $V_{CE} = V_{\text{CERmax}}, V_{BE} = 0$	I_{CES}	—	—	10	μA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{EB} = 4 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$	I_{EBO}	—	—	10	
DC current gain ²⁾ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	1000 2000	— —	— —	—
Collector-emitter saturation voltage ²⁾ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ A}, I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	— —	— —	1.3 1.8	V
Base-emitter saturation voltage ²⁾ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ A}, I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$	V_{BESat}	— —	— —	1.9 2.2	

AC characteristics

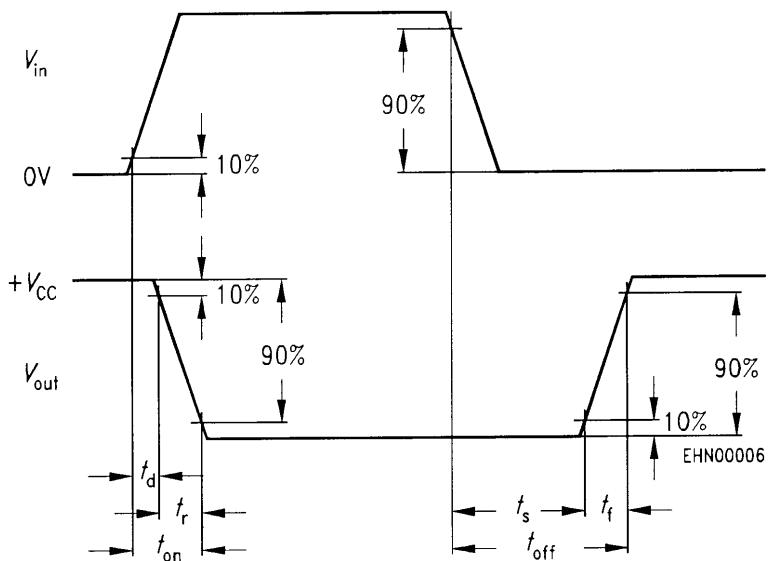
Transition frequency $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	f_T	—	200	—	MHz
Switching times $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ (see diagrams)	t_{on} t_{off}	— —	400 1500	— —	ns ns

¹⁾ Compare R_{BE} for thermal stability.²⁾ Pulse test conditions: $t \leq 300 \mu\text{s}, D = 2\%$.

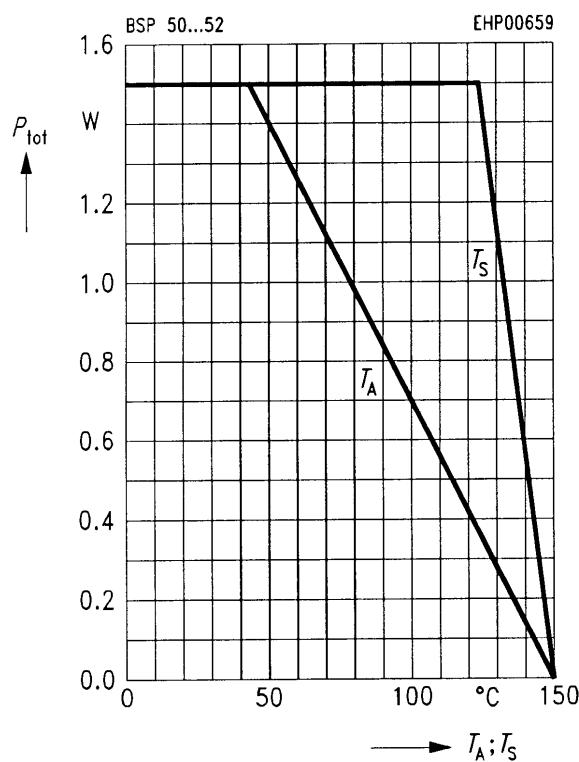
Switching time test circuit



Switching time waveform



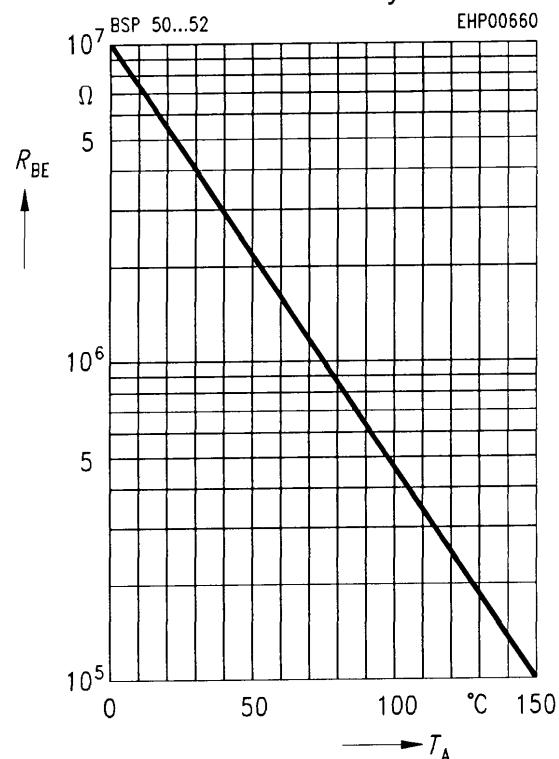
Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_A^*; T_S)$
 * Package mounted on epoxy



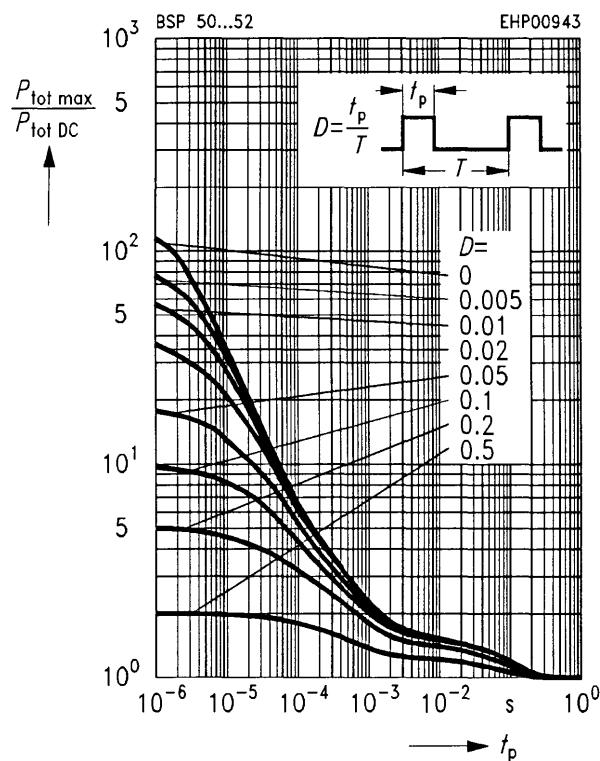
External resistance $R_{\text{BE}} = f(T_A)^{**}$

$V_{\text{CB}} = V_{\text{CE max}}$

** $R_{\text{BE max}}$ for thermal stability

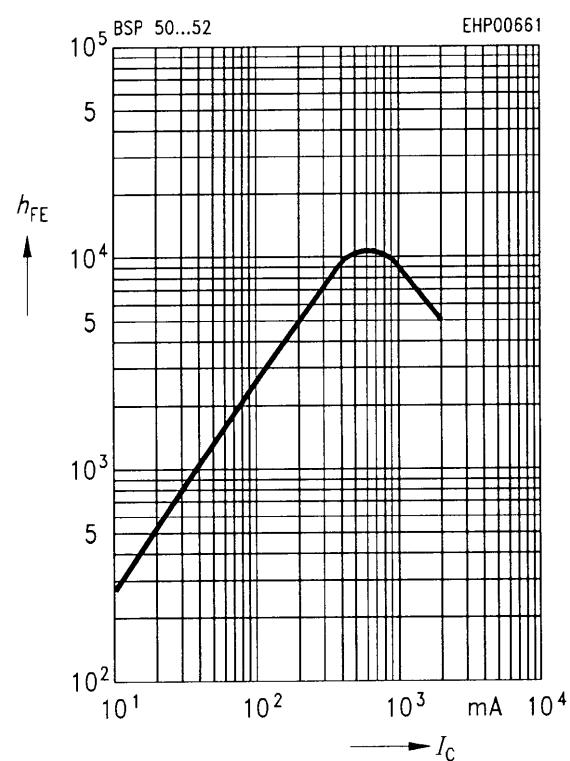


Permissible pulse load $P_{\text{tot max}} / P_{\text{tot DC}} = f(t_p)$

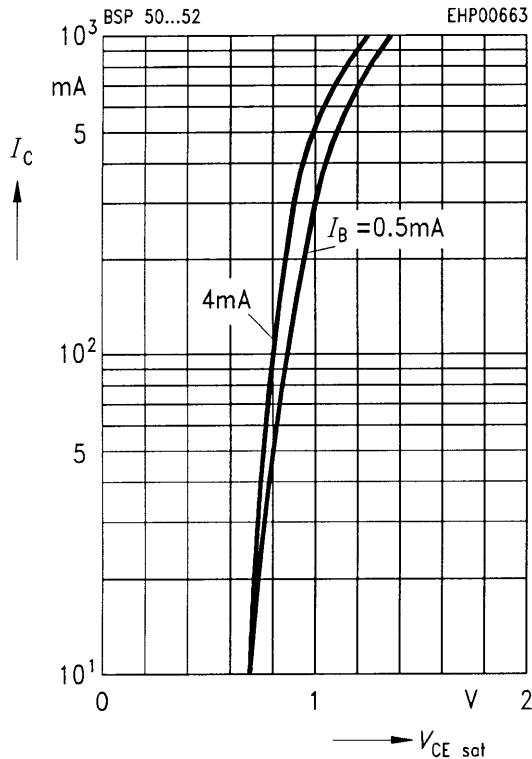


DC current gain $h_{\text{FE}} = f(I_C)$

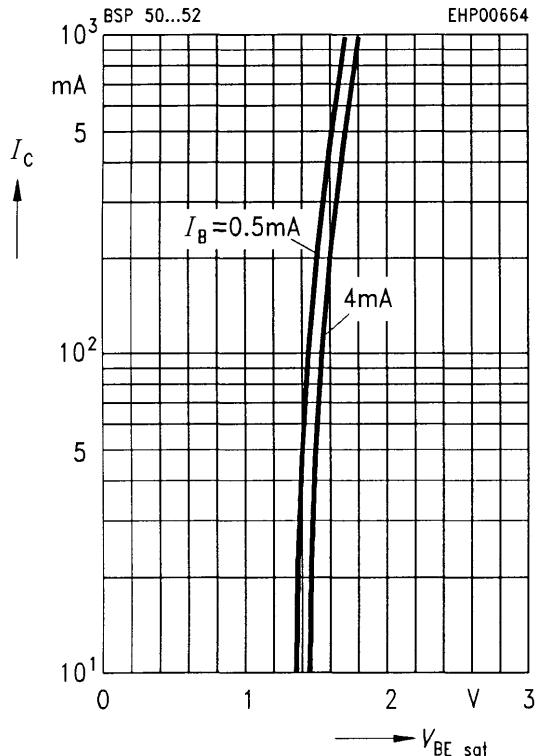
$V_{\text{CE}} = 10 \text{ V}$



Collector-emitter saturation voltage
 $I_C = f(V_{CE\text{ sat}})$, I_B -parameter



Base-emitter saturation voltage
 $I_C = f(V_{BE\text{ sat}})$, I_B -parameter



Transition frequency $f_T = f(I_C)$
 $V_{CE} = 5$ V, $f = 100$ MHz

