

T-77-07-05

## MASTER GAIN

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TDA4306 is an integrated circuit which controls the amplification of the four output signals (White, Yellow, Green and Cyan) from the frame transfer sensors (NXA1021 to NXA1041). The matching of the four channels is excellent over the whole control and temperature range. An on-chip white clipping circuit protects the white processor (TDA4303) from output signals that are too large. If white clipping occurs, a pulse is available to kill the colour information. Highlights will always be white, not coloured.

## Features

- Four variable gain amplifiers
- White clipping circuit
- Blanking switch
- 2.1 V reference voltage

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

parameter	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
Supply voltage (pin 20)	$V_P = V_{20-10}$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Reference voltage (pin 6)	$V_{ref}$	1.9	2.1	2.3	V
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	90	140	200	mW
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-25	—	+ 150	°C
Operating ambient temperature range	$T_{amb}$	-20	—	+ 70	°C

## PACKAGE OUTLINES

TDA4306 : 20-lead DIL; plastic (SOT146).

TDA4306T: 20-lead mini-pack; plastic (SO20; SOT163A).

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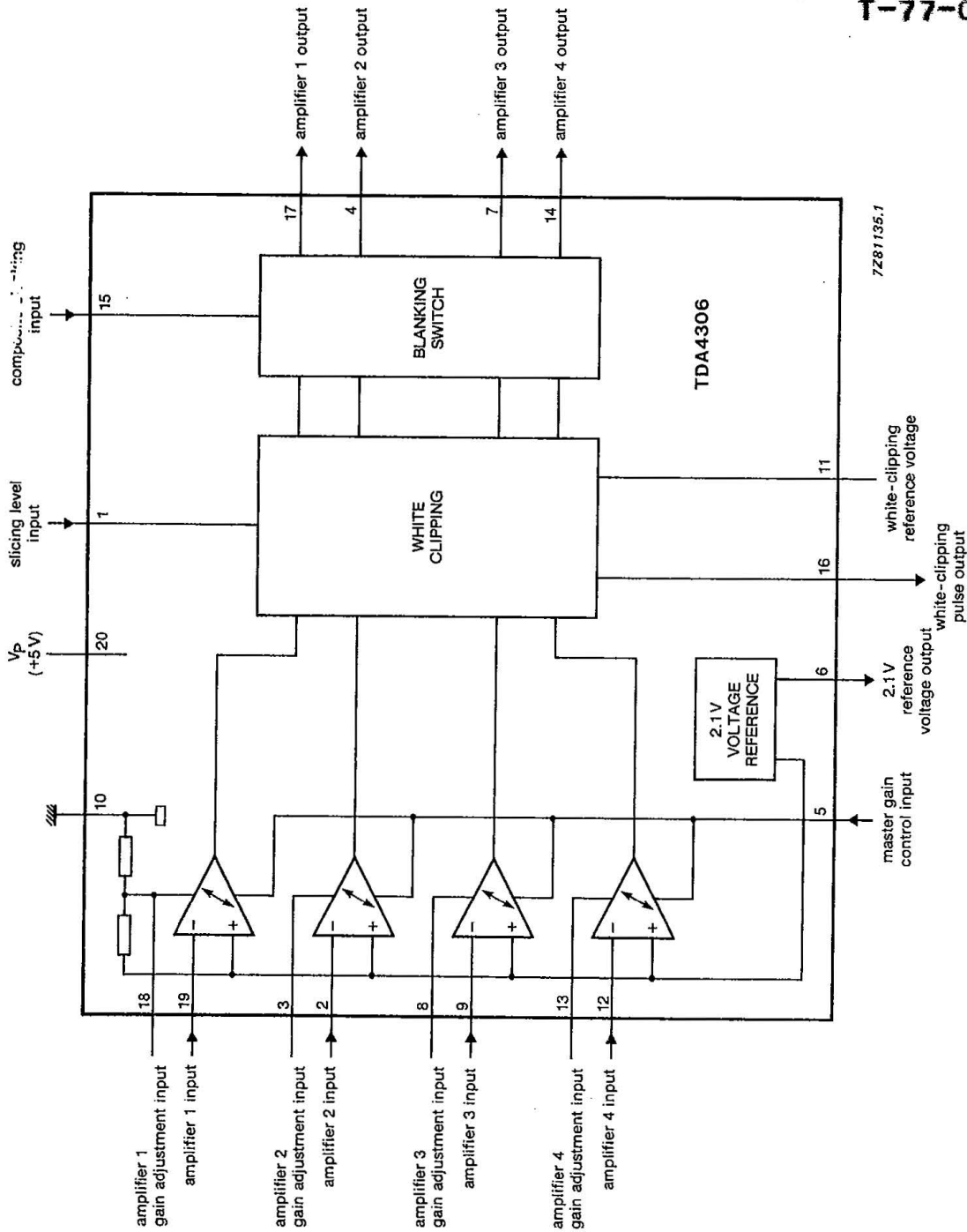


Fig.1 Block diagram.

Master gain

TDA4306

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**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

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parameter	symbol	min.	max.	unit
Supply voltage (pin 20)	$V_p$	—	12	V
Input voltage (pins 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 12, 13, 15, 18 and 19)	$V_i$	—	5	V
Output current (pins 17, 4, 7 and 14) $t < 1$ s	$I_o$	—	100	mA
Total power dissipation SO package*	$P_{tot}$	—	370	mW
DIL package	$P_{tot}$	—	1000	mW
Operating ambient temperature range	$T_{amb}$	-20	+ 70	°C
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-25	+ 150	°C

\* Mounted on a printed-circuit board.

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## CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_p = V_{20-10} = 5\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

parameter	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
<b>Supply</b>					
Supply voltage (pin 20)	$V_p$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Reference voltage (pin 6)	$V_{\text{ref}}$	1.9	2.1	2.3	V
Temperature drift of $V_{\text{ref}}$	$\Delta V_{\text{ref}}$	—	0.18	—	mV/°C
External load current	$I_{L(\text{ext.})}$	—	—	10	mA
Total power dissipation	$P_{\text{tot}}$	90	140	200	mW
<b>Variable gain amplifiers</b>					
<i>Inputs (pins 2, 9, 12 and 19; note 1)</i>					
Input voltage (peak-to-peak value) negative video	$V_{n-10(p-p)}$	—	—	-1100	mV
positive video (gain = 1)	$V_{n-10(p-p)}$	—	—	400	mV
Input bias current at $V_I = 2.6\text{ V}$	$I_n(\text{bias})$	—	2.2	5	$\mu\text{A}$
Input resistance	$R_{2, 9, 12, 19}$	—	300	—	k $\Omega$
<i>Outputs (pins 17, 4, 7 and 14)</i>					
DC offset voltage of input to output (output = $V_{\text{ref}}$ )		—	—	-220	mV
DC offset voltage of input to output (output = $V_{\text{ref}}$ )		—	—	100	mV
Offset voltage between blanked output and $V_{\text{ref}}$		—	—	2	mV
Drift of blanked output voltages	$\Delta V_O$	10	—	—	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Output sink current	$I_{OS}$	—	—	100	$\mu\text{A}$
Resistive load of output to ground	$R_L$	1.5	—	—	k $\Omega$
Output voltage swing at $V_{\text{ref}} = 2.1\text{ V}$		—	$V_{\text{ref}} - 500\text{ mV}$	—	
Output voltage swing at $V_{\text{ref}} = 2.1\text{ V}$		—	$V_{\text{ref}} + 1200\text{ mV}$	—	
Output impedance	$ Z_O $	—	100	—	$\Omega$
Power supply rejection ratio (1 kHz)	RR	—	30	—	dB
Bandwidth	B	6	—	—	MHz

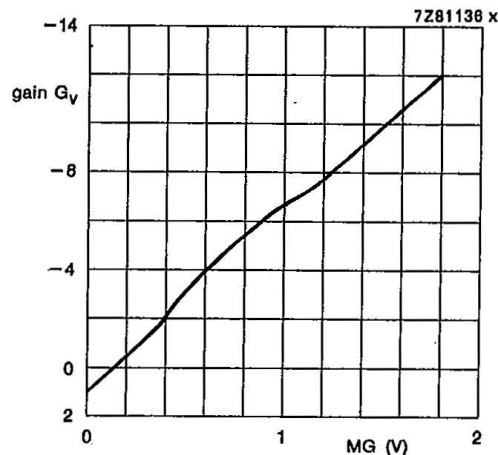
parameter	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
<b>T-77-07-05</b>					
<b>Master gain control input (pin 5)</b>					
Gain control range			see Fig. 2		
Input current at $V_{5-10} = 0$ V	$I_5$	—	—	30	$\mu$ A
Matching of gain (note 2) between the 4 channels ( $f_{temp. range}$ and as $f_{gain range}$ 2 to x 8)		—	—	1	%
Gain stability = $f_{temp. range} -20 < t < 60$ °C		—	3	—	%
Differential gain	dG	—	—	1	%
Differential phase	$d\phi$	—	—	2	deg.
<b>Gain adjustment inputs</b> (pins 18, 3, 8, 13)					
Input voltage range	$V_{adj}$	0.9	—	1.9	V
Overall gain (MG = 2) at $V_{adj} = 0.9$ V	G	—	—	2.2	
at $V_{adj} = 1.9$ V	G	1.5	—	—	
Input current (pins 3, 8 and 13) at $V_I = 1,6$ V	$I_I$	—	—	2	$\mu$ A
Input resistance (pin 18)	$R_{18}$	—	3.25	—	k $\Omega$
Input voltage (pin 18; open-circuit)	$V_I$	—	1.2	—	V
<b>White clipping circuit</b>					
Slicing level (pin 1)					
input voltage range	$V_{1-10}$	0.5	—	1.8	V
input current at $V_{1-10} = 1$ V	$I_1$	—	—	2	$\mu$ A
White clipping reference voltage (pin 11)	$V_{11-10}$	—	$V_{1-10}$ x 2.5 V	—	V
Output pulse (pin 16) (peak-to-peak value)	$V_{16-10(p-p)}$	3.0	—	—	V
Output voltage (pin 16)					
LOW	$V_{OL}$	—	—	1	V
HIGH	$V_{OH}$	4	—	—	V
Output sink current (pin 16)	$I_{OS}$	—	—	0.1	mA
Delay of a variable gain amplifier input to white clipping output	$t_d$	—	—	100	ns

## CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

parameter	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
<b>Blanking switch (pin 15)</b>					
Composite blanking input voltage active HIGH	$V_{15-10}$	2.4	—	$V_p$	V
active LOW	$V_{15-10}$	—	—	1.4	V
Input current at $V_{15-10} = 5$ V	$I_{15}$	—	—	2	$\mu A$
Input capacitance	$C_I$	—	—	5	pF
Delay between blanking input and one of the 4 amplifier outputs	$t_d$	—	40	100	ns

## Notes to the characteristics

- The maximum input voltage is permitted only if the input voltage minus the DC offset voltage = 2.1 V.  
If the input voltage minus the DC offset voltage = 1.6 V, the maximum input voltage is 1 V(p-p).
- Over the range 2 to x 8, after that each channel is adjusted to 0.  
This is possible only if the blanking pulse is switched off and the DC input voltage is equal to  $V_{ref}$ .

Fig.2 Gain as a function of  $V_{MG}$ .